



Supply Chain Conference

May 3, 2023
Houston, Texas



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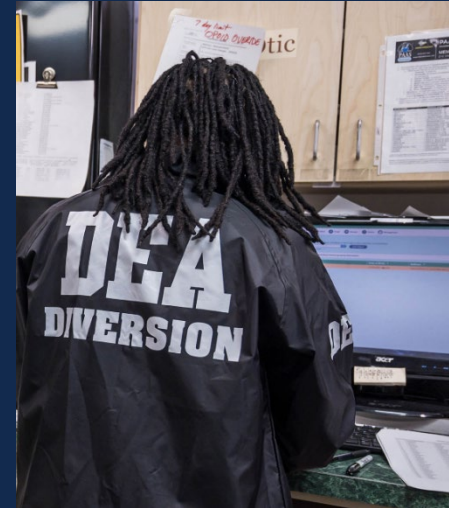
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Drug Enforcement Administration's Diversion Control Division

Prevent, detect, and investigate the diversion of controlled pharmaceuticals and listed chemicals from legitimate sources.

Ensure an adequate and uninterrupted supply for legitimate medical, commercial, and scientific needs.

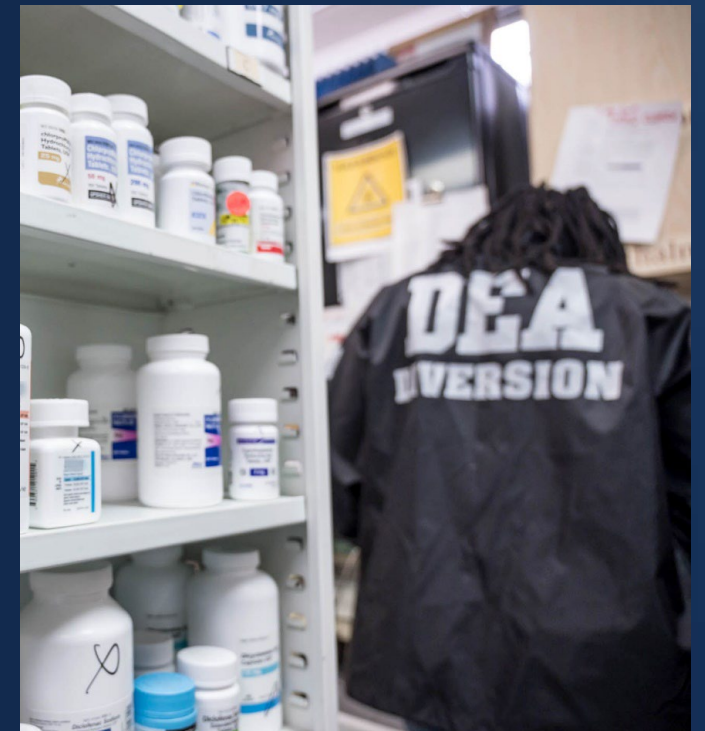




Drug Enforcement Administration's Diversion Control Program



- ▶ DEA registration required to handle controlled substances and listed chemicals
- ▶ Registrants must pay fees to DEA – these fees fund the Diversion Control Program
- ▶ There are over 2 million DEA registrants





DEA's Chemical Control

DEA works with domestic and international partners to:



**Deny precursor
chemicals to drug
trafficking organizations**



**Ensure an adequate
supply for legitimate
needs**



Chemical Investigations Section (DOC) – *What We Do*

- ▶ Support domestic and foreign chemical investigations
- ▶ Serve as the Competent National Authority for the United States regarding precursor chemicals
 - International treaties, bilateral and multinational matters
- ▶ Subject matter experts on precursor chemicals and pill presses to DEA field elements, interagency partners, and international organizations
- ▶ Review and make final approval of new chemical applications
- ▶ Provide reachback support to Diversion Investigators in overseas positions





DEA's Industry Liaison Project

- ▶ Provide educational outreach to e-commerce outlets and shipping industry to increase awareness of:
 - ▶ Equipment used to make counterfeit pills
 - ▶ Alternate uses of listed chemicals
 - ▶ Mismanifested cargo – hazards of transporting precursor chemicals
 - ▶ Regulations and record keeping requirements
 - ▶ “Know Your Customer” provision
- ▶ Conduct chemical industry outreach

Amazon.com banned all sales of encapsulating machines, pill presses, punches, and dies



The Problem

*Staggering number of drug
overdose deaths*
107,735

***An average of 1 overdose
death every 5 minutes***





ONE PILL CAN KILL

ONE PILL CAN KILL INITIATIVE

THE THREAT: **FENTANYL**

Deadly Fentanyl-Laced Fake Pills

Fake pills made to look like OxyContin, Xanax, Adderall, and other pharmaceuticals.

Most fentanyl is trafficked by the Sinaloa and the Cartel de Jalisco Nueva Generacion (CJNG) cartels and mass-produced at factories in Mexico with chemicals sourced largely from China.

Over 57.9 million
fentanyl-laced fake pills
seized in 2022



2-3 milligrams of
FENTANYL
considered a *LETHAL* dose

AUTHENTIC PILLS



FAKE PILLS

50x
MORE POTENT
THAN HEROIN



DEA Reports Widespread Threat of Fentanyl Mixed with Xylazine



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
Contact: DEA Public Affairs
(202) 307-7977

Public Safety Alert

DEA Reports Widespread Threat of Fentanyl Mixed with Xylazine

WASHINGTON – The U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration is warning the American public of a sharp increase in the trafficking of fentanyl mixed with xylazine. Xylazine, also known as “Tranq,” is a powerful sedative that the U.S. Food and Drug Administration has approved for veterinary use.

“Xylazine is making the deadliest drug threat our country has ever faced, fentanyl, even deadlier,” said Administrator Milgram. “DEA has seized xylazine and fentanyl mixtures in 48 of 50 States. The DEA Laboratory System is reporting that in 2022 approximately 23% of fentanyl powder and 7% of fentanyl pills seized by the DEA contained xylazine.”

Xylazine and fentanyl drug mixtures place users at a higher risk of suffering a fatal drug poisoning. Because xylazine is not an opioid, naloxone (Narcan) does not reverse its effects. Still, experts always recommend administering naloxone if someone might be suffering a drug poisoning. People who inject drug mixtures containing xylazine also can develop severe wounds, including necrosis—the rotting of human tissue—that may lead to amputation.

According to the CDC, 107,735 Americans died between August 2021 and August 2022 from drug poisonings, with 66 percent of those deaths involving synthetic opioids like fentanyl. The Sinaloa Cartel and Jalisco Cartel in Mexico, using chemicals largely sourced from China, are primarily responsible for the vast majority of the fentanyl that is being trafficked in communities across the United States.





Drug Trends

- ▶ Two Mexican drug cartels are primarily responsible for mass producing fake prescription pills containing fentanyl for exportation to the U.S.
- ▶ Mexico continues to import chemicals from the U.S. for illicit drug production via “front” companies
- ▶ So far in 2023, DEA has seized over 16,300,000 fentanyl pills and over 2,700 pounds of fentanyl powder

In 2022, DEA seized over 57.9 million fentanyl-laced fake pills & over 13,400 pounds of fentanyl powder: equivalent to over 400 million lethal doses of fentanyl.





DEA List I Chemicals

- 1) 1-Boc-4-AP
- 2) 4-Anilinopiperidine
- 3) N-Acetylanthranilic acid
- 4) Alpha-phenylacetoacetamide (APAA)
- 5) Alpha-Phenylacetoacetonitrile (APAAN)
- 6) Anthranilic acid
- 7) Benzaldehyde
- 8) Benzyl cyanide
- 9) Benzylfentanyl
- 10) Ephedrine
- 11) Ergocristine
- 12) Ergonovine
- 13) Ergotamine
- 14) Ethylamine
- 15) Gamma-Butyrolactone (GBL)
- 16) Hydriodic acid
- 17) Hypophosphorous acid
- 18) Iodine
- 19) Isosafrole
- 20) Methyl alpha-phenylacetoacetate (MAPA)
- 21) Methylamine
- 22) 3,4-Methylenedioxyphenyl-2-propanone
- 23) N-Methylephedrine
- 24) N-Methylpseudoephedrine
- 25) N-phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP)
- 26) Nitroethane
- 27) Norpseudoephedrine
- 28) Phenylacetic acid
- 29) Phenylpropanolamine
- 30) Phosphorus (red)
- 31) Phosphorus (white or yellow)
- 32) Piperidine
- 33) Piperonal (heliotropin)
- 34) PMK glycidate
- 35) PMK glycidic acid
- 36) Propionic anhydride
- 37) Pseudoephedrine
- 38) Safrole





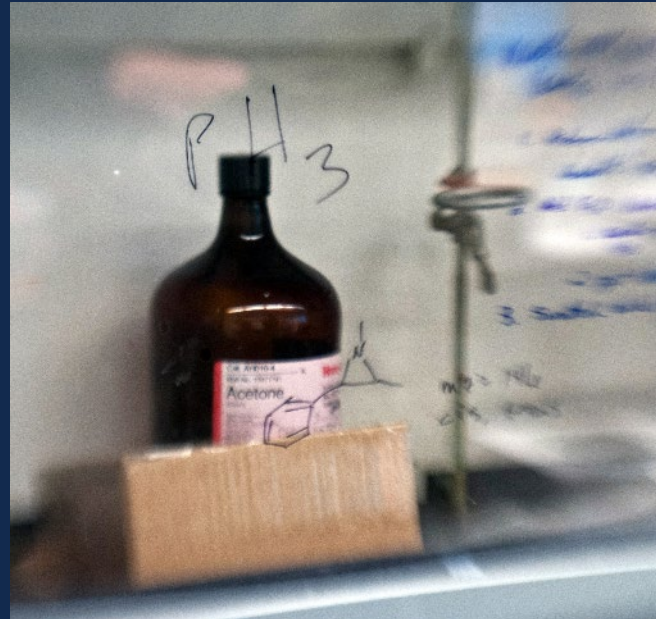
DEA List I Chemicals

- ▶ Have legitimate uses
- ▶ Also used to manufacture controlled substances/drugs
- ▶ Often labeled as “precursors”
- ▶ Become part of the end product/drug
- ▶ **DEA registration required**
 - Requires record keeping and suspicious order reporting for *importers, exporters, distributors* and *manufacturers that distribute*
 - Persons required to register: 21 CFR 1309.21



DEA List II Chemicals

- 1) Acetic anhydride
- 2) Acetone
- 3) Benzyl chloride
- 4) Ethyl ether
- 5) Hydrochloric acid
- 5a) Hydrogen chloride gas
- 6) Methyl ethyl ketone (2-Butanone)
- 7) Methyl isobutyl ketone
- 8) Potassium permanganate
- 9) Sodium permanganate
- 10) Sulfuric acid
- 11) Toluene



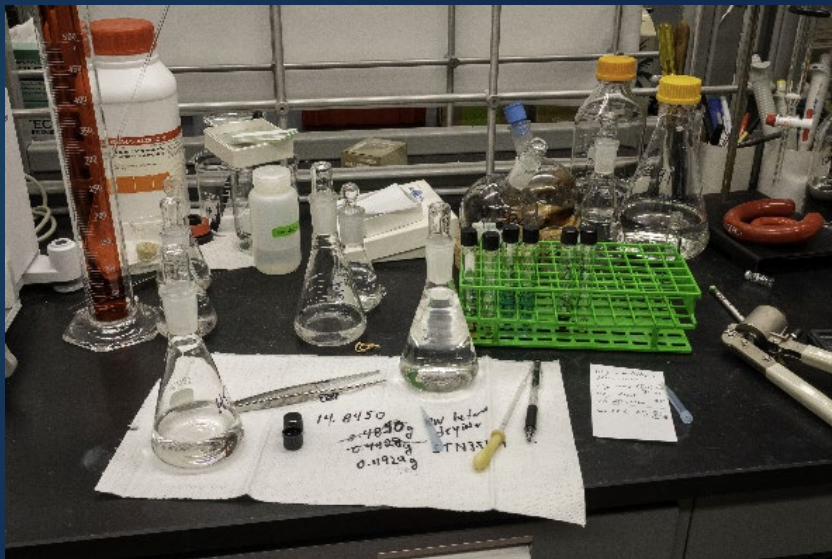


DEA List II Chemicals

- ▶ Have legitimate uses
- ▶ Used in everyday products
- ▶ Usually classified as solvents and reagents
- ▶ **No DEA registration required**
 - Requires record keeping and suspicious order reporting
 - Persons required to register: 21 CFR 1309.21
 - Persons required to keep records and file reports: 21 CFR 1310.03
 - Maintenance of records: 21 CFR 1310.04
 - Reports: 21 CFR 1310.05



Listed Chemicals Regulated Under the Controlled Substances Act



https://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/schedules/orangebook/j_chemlist_regulated.pdf

Listed Chemicals Regulated Under the Controlled Substances Act

See 21 C.F.R. §§ 1309, 1310, 1313 and 1314 for details

Last Update: Jan 5, 2023

Reagent ■ DEA Chemical Code Number
Precursor ▲
Solvent ●

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE PRODUCED

	Amphetamine	Cocaine	N,N-Dimethylamphetamine	Ethylamphetamine	Fentanyl & analogues	GHB	Heroin	LSD	MDA	MDE	MDMA	Methamphetamine	Methaqualone	Methcathinone	4-Methylaminorex	Phencyclidine (PCP)	Phenyl-2-propanone	THRESHOLDS	
1. 1-Boc-4-AP ¹					▲													0	0
2. 4-Anilinopiperidine ⁸					▲													0	0
3. N-Acetylanthranilic acid ²														▲				0	0
4. Alpha-Phenylacetoacetamide ⁹ (APAA)	▲											▲						0	0
5. Alpha-Phenylacetoacetone ³ (APAAAN)	▲											▲						0	0
6. Anthranilic acid ²														▲				30	30
7. Benzaldehyde	▲																	4	4
8. Benzyl cyanide ¹																		1	1
9. Benzylfentanyl ¹					▲													0	0
10. Ephedrine ^{3&7}												▲		▲				0	0
11. Ergocristine ¹								▲										0	0
12. Ergonovine ¹								▲										0.010	0.010
13. Ergotamine ¹								▲										0.020	0.020
14. Ethylamine ¹					▲					▲								1	1
15. gamma-Butyrolactone (GBL)						▲												0	0
16. Hydriodic acid													■					1.7	1.7
17. Hypophosphorous acid ¹	■												■					0	0
18. Iodine	■												■					0	0
19. Isosafrole									▲	▲	▲							4	4
20. Methyl alpha-phenylacetoacetate (MAPA) ⁹	▲																	0	0
21. Methylamine ¹												▲	▲					1	1
22. 3,4-Methylenedioxyphenyl-2-propanone									▲	▲	▲							4	4
23. N-Methylephedrine ²					▲													1	1
24. N-Methylpseudoephedrine ³					▲													1	1
25. N-phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP)					▲													0	0
26. Nitroethane	▲								▲									2.5	2.5
27. Norpseudoephedrine ³	▲														▲			2.5	2.5
28. Phenylacetic acid ²																		1	1
29. Phenylpropranolamine ^{3&7}	▲														▲			0	0
30. Phosphorus (red)	■												■					0	0
31. Phosphorus (white or yellow)	■																	0	0
32. Piperidine ¹																		0.500	0.500
33. Piperonal (heliotropin)									▲	▲	▲							4	4
34. PMK glycidate ¹⁰									▲	▲	▲							0	0
35. PMK glycidic acid ¹¹									▲	▲	▲							0	0
36. Propionic anhydride																		0.001	0.001
37. Pseudoephedrine ^{3&7}															▲			0	0
38. Safrole									▲	▲	▲							4	4
39. Acetic anhydride									▲									1,023	1,023
40. Acetone		●						●	●	●	●	●						150	1,500
41. Benzyl chloride															▲			1	4
42. Ethyl ether	●	●			●			●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	135.8	1,364
43. Hydrochloric acid ^{3&5}	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	N/C	222.3
43. Hydrogen chloride gas ^{3&5}	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	0	27
44. Methyl ethyl ketone (2-Butanone)		●						●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	145	1,455
45. Methyl isobutyl ketone ¹									●	●	●	●						N/C	1,523
46. Potassium permanganate		■																55	500
47. Sodium permanganate		■																55	500
48. Sulfuric acid ^{3&5}	■	■							■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	N/C	347
49. Toluene		●				●								●				159	1,591

¹ and its salts
² and its salts and esters
³ and its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers
⁴ Exports only, to all Western Hemisphere except Canada
⁵ Exports to all South American countries & Panama - Domestic for HCl gas
⁶ Threshold for HCl acid and sulfuric acid is 50 gallons, the equivalent weight in kilograms is shown
⁷ For pseudoephedrine, phenylpropranolamine and ephedrine drug products, see 21 USC § 802(45)(A) and 21 C.F.R. Part 1314
⁸ Including its amides, its carbamates, and its salts
⁹ and its optical isomers
¹⁰ and its optical and geometric isomers
¹¹ and its salts, optical and geometric isomers and salts of optical and geometric isomers

DOMESTIC
IMPORTS &
EXPORTS
KILOGRAMS



Precursor Controls

Methamphetamine



Controlled

- Methylamine
- Benzaldehyde
- Nitroethane
- Phenylacetic Acid

Not Controlled

- Benzyl alcohol
- N-methyl formamide
- Tartaric acid
- Azobisisobutyronitrile (AIBN)
- Methyl thioglycolate

Cocaine



Controlled

- Potassium permanganate
- Methyl ethyl ketone
- Methyl isobutyl ketone
- Toluene

Not Controlled

- Ethyl acetate
- N-propyl acetate
- Calcium chloride
- Ammonium hydroxide

Fentanyl



Controlled

- 1-Boc-4-AP
- 4-anilino-N-phenethyl-4-piperidine (ANPP)
- 4-anilinopiperidine (4-AP)
- N-phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP)
- Propionic anhydride

Not Controlled

- 4-piperidone (*pending control*)
- Propionyl chloride
- 2-phenethyl bromide

Heroin



Controlled

- Acetone
- Acetic anhydride
- Hydrochloric acid
- Methyl ethyl ketone

Not Controlled

- Ethyl acetate
- Sodium carbonate
- Ammonium chloride



Chemicals of Interest: Fentanyl



- ▶ 4-ANPP
- ▶ 4-anilinopiperidine (4-AP)
- ▶ NPP
- ▶ 4-Piperidone
- ▶ 1-Benzyl-4-piperidone (N-benzyl-4-piperidone)
- ▶ Benzyl fentanyl
- ▶ Norfentanyl
- ▶ 4-ANBP (4-anilino-1-benzylpiperidine)
- ▶ Aniline
- ▶ Propionyl chloride (Reagent)
- ▶ Phenethyl Bromide / Phenethyl Chloride
- ▶ Sodium triacetoxyborohydride (STAB)
- ▶ Propionyl Chloride
- ▶ Acetic acid in large quantities



Methamphetamine

- ▶ Remains an extremely serious problem in the United States
- ▶ Mexican Transnational Criminal Organizations are the primary producers/suppliers – low cost, high purity
- ▶ Precursors are often transported via maritime shipments from China and India
- ▶ Mexican TCOs use various methods:
 - ▶ Phenyl-2-propanone (P2P) instead of pseudoephedrine
 - P2P = Benzaldehyde and nitroethane to produce nitrostyrene (NTS)
 - P2P = Ethyl phenylacetate (EtPA) to make phenylacetic acid (PAA)
 - PAA = Benzyl chloride and sodium cyanide to make benzylnitrile oil





Methamphetamine

- ▶ Finished methamphetamine commonly trafficked across the Southwest border
- ▶ Can be dissolved in a variety of liquids, including vehicle fluids, fuels, water, and alcoholic beverages
 - ▶ Requires a conversion laboratory to extract the methamphetamine from the solution
 - ▶ Easily smuggled, more difficult to detect - can be less expensive than powder or crystal forms



\$80.7 million of liquid meth concealed in canola oil bottles shipped from Mexico



Chemicals of Interest: Methamphetamine

- ▶ Methylamine HCl or methylamine as a 40% solution
- ▶ Sodium or potassium cyanide
- ▶ Benzyl chloride or benzyl alcohol
- ▶ Lead acetate
- ▶ Tartaric acid
- ▶ Phenylacetic acid
- ▶ Ammonium chloride
- ▶ Formaldehyde (formalin)
- ▶ Benzyl cyanide (benzyl nitrite)
- ▶ Sulfuric acid
- ▶ Benzaldehyde
- ▶ Nitroethane
- ▶ Ephedrine / Pseudoephedrine





DEA's Chemical Regulation

Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)

Regulatory Authority

- ▶ Controls 49 listed chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02)
 - ▶ 38 List I chemicals
 - ▶ 11 List II chemicals
- ▶ Registration of List I chemical companies (21 CFR 1309)
 - ▶ Pre-registration investigations
 - ▶ Cyclical investigations

Reporting Requirements

- ▶ Suspicious orders, losses, thefts (21 CFR 1310.05)
- ▶ Imports, exports, broker, transshipment (21 CFR 1313)
- ▶ Mail order reporting for sales of pseudoephedrine and ephedrine (21 CFR 1314.110)
- ▶ Record keeping requirements (2 years) (21 CFR 1310.03 and 1310.04)



Part 1310 - Records and Reports Of Listed Chemicals and Certain Machines; Importation and Exportation Of Certain Machines

§1310.05 Reports

(a)(1) Each regulated person **must report** to the Special Agent in Charge of the DEA Divisional Office for the area in which the regulated person making the report is located any regulated transaction involving ***an extraordinary quantity of a listed chemical, an uncommon method of payment or delivery, or any other circumstance that the regulated person believes may indicate that the listed chemical will be used in violation of this part.***

The regulated person will **orally report** to the Special Agent in Charge of the DEA Divisional Office at the earliest practicable opportunity after the regulated person **becomes aware** of the circumstances involved and as much in advance of the conclusion of the transaction as possible.

The regulated person must file a **written report** of the transaction(s) with the Special Agent in Charge of the DEA Divisional Office as set forth in §1310.06 **within 15 calendar days** after the regulated person becomes aware of the circumstances of the event.

Chemical Unusual Order Reporting: CORT@dea.gov



Chemical Broker Requirements

Transactions involving the shipment of a listed chemical across an international border (other than the United States) in which a broker or trader located in the United States participates require a **DEA Form 486** be submitted to DEA, not later than **15 calendar days prior** to the international transaction.



This form should be completed ONLINE and PRINTED on your printer. Complete the first two pages of this form ONLY. The remaining pages will be completed automatically. Refer to the instructions for guidance on the use of the 4 copies of this form.

U.S. Department of Justice **Import/Export Declaration for List I and List II Chemicals** Drug Enforcement Administration

SEE REVERSE INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRIVACY ACT OMB Approval No. 1117-0023

1a. Type of Transaction: IMPORT EXPORT INTERNATIONAL 1b. Type of Submission: ORIGINAL AMENDED WITHDRAWAL

1c. **WARNING!** 15-day advance notice required for initial shipment or for company that has lost regular importer or regular customer status. See 21 C.F.R. Part 1313 for further details.
 I certify I have met the conditions for the waiver of 15-day advance notice requirement. **DEA Transaction Number**

2a. U.S. IMPORTER / U.S. EXPORTER / U.S. BROKER (Name, address, telephone, and fax no.) 2b. IF IMPORT, LIST FOREIGN CONSIGNOR; IF EXPORT OR INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTION, LIST FOREIGN TRANSFEREE. (Name, address, telephone, and fax no.)

DEA Registration Number (for List I only): _____ Foreign permit no. (if applicable): _____

Purchase/invoice no. _____

3. **Listed Chemicals to be Imported / Exported / Brokered**

3a. Name and Description of chemical appearing on label or container. For drug products, show dosage strength and dosage size.	3b. Name of chemicals as designated by Title 21 C.F.R. 1310.02	3c. Number of containers, size, net weight of each chemical (kg). For drug products, show number of dosage units. Show net total weight per chemical.	3d. DATE OF ACTUAL IMPORT/EXPORT AND ACTUAL QUANTITY (To be completed by person named in (2a).) If same as 3c, write "same as 3c."

4a. FOREIGN DOMESTIC **PORT OF EXPORTATION:** _____ 4b. FOREIGN DOMESTIC **PORT OF IMPORTATION:** _____

APPROX. DEPARTURE DATE: _____ APPROX. ARRIVAL DATE: _____

5. **MODE OF TRANSPORTATION, NAME OF VESSEL, OR NAME OF CARRIER:** _____

SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED INDIVIDUAL (Print or Type Name below Signature) _____ DATE: _____

Print Name: _____
DEA form - 486 (Previous version obsolete.) _____ Copy 1
11/30/2023



Applicable Laws and Regulations

United States Code

- ▶ 21 U.S.C. § 802(45)(A) – Scheduled Listed Chemical Product Definition
- ▶ 21 U.S.C. § 830(a); (b) – Recordkeeping and Reports of Regulated Transactions
- ▶ 21 U.S.C. § 830(e)(2) – Mail-Order Sales Reporting Requirements
- ▶ 21 U.S.C. § 843(a)(5) – Punches & Dies Trademarks
 - ▶ (6) Possession of Punches & Dies
 - ▶ (7) Manufacture, Distribution, Import, & Export of Punches, Dies, Machinery, and chemical products.



Code of Federal Regulations

- ▶ 21 C.F.R. § 1310.05(b)(2) – Reports of Machines – Domestic Transactions (DEA Form 452)
- ▶ 21 C.F.R. § 1310.05(c) – Reports of Machines – Imports & Exports (DEA Form 452)
- ▶ 21 C.F.R. § 1310.07 – Records & Reporting of Listed Chemicals and Machines – Proof of Identity
- ▶ 21 C.F.R. § 1314.40 – Self-Certification



Chemical Handler's Manual

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ★ DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION
DIVERSION CONTROL DIVISION

HOME REGISTRATION REPORTING RESOURCES ABOUT US

RESOURCES > Publications & Manuals > Manuals

Manuals

NOTE: The DEA Diversion Control Division is currently updating all of the manuals.

- [Chemical Handlers Manual \(PDF\) \(Revised 2022\)](#)
- [Narcotic Treatment Program \(NTP\) Manual \(Revised 2022\)](#)
- [Pharmacist's Manual \(PDF\) \(Revised 2022\)](#)
- [Researcher's Manual \(Revised 2022\)](#)

Get Email Updates:

- Chemical Control Program
- CMEA (Combat Meth Epidemic Act)
- Controlled Substance Schedules
- COVID-19 Information
- DEA TOX Toxicology Testing Program
- Drug Disposal Information
- Drug and Chemical Information
- E-commerce Initiatives

To find the Chemical Handler's Manual, click:

- ▶ Resources
- ▶ Publications & Manuals
- ▶ Manuals

United States Department of Justice
Drug Enforcement Administration
Office of Diversion Control



www.DEAdiversion.usdoj.gov

Chemical Handler's Manual

A Guide to Chemical Control Regulations

Revised 2022¹

¹ This manual replaces all previous editions of the Chemical Handler's Manual issued by the Drug Enforcement Administration, both hard copy and electronic.



What Industry Can Do

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ★ DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION
DIVERSION CONTROL DIVISION

HOME REGISTRATION REPORTING RESOURCES ABOUT US

REPORTING

REPORTING Get Email Updates:

Automation of Reports and Consolidated Orders System (ARCOS)
Background: What is ARCOS and What Does it Do?
Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) Program

Bulk Chemical Manufacturer Reports (BCM Online)

Chemical Import/Export Declarations
DEA Form 486 - Import/Export Declaration - Chemical
DEA Form 486a - Import Declaration for Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine and Phenylpropanolamine

CSOS (Controlled Substances Ordering System)

Theft/Loss Reporting
DEA Form 106 - Report of Theft or Loss of Controlled Substances
DEA Form 107 - Report of Theft or Loss of Listed Chemicals
Theft/Loss Reports for 2014-2018

International Trade Data System (ITDS)

Import/Export Permit Applications and Declarations
Quick Reference Guide for Importers/Exporters of Controlled Substances
Conversion Factors for Controlled Substances
Controlled Substances Export Reform Act of 2005
Medical Missions

ARCOS
BCM Online
Chemical Import/Export Declarations
CSOS (Controlled Substances Ordering System)
Theft/Loss Reporting
Import/Export
Medical Missions
Quotas
Registrant Record of Controlled Substances Destroyed
Regulated Machines (Tableting and Encapsulating)
Reports Required by 21 CFR
SORS
Submit a Tip to DEA
Year-End Reports

- Have a link to Diversion's website
- Have customers acknowledge they understand and will comply with reporting requirements

www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov



What Industry Can Do

- ▶ See something, say something
- ▶ Report suspicious orders, or suspicious orders declined, to your local DEA office
- ▶ Review and/or revise order screening processes
- ▶ This will help us provide data to help you screen for suspicious orders
- ▶ Tell us how we can help you

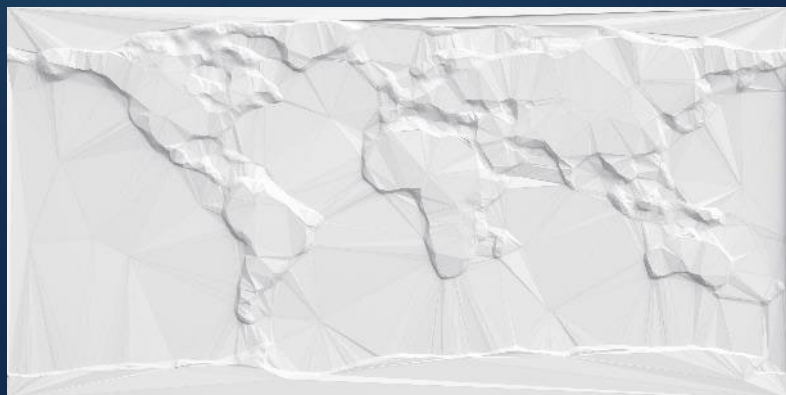




Teaming with industry to combat precursor chemical diversion and trafficking on a global scale



NO CHEMICALS...NO DRUGS





Chemical Unusual Order Reporting: CORT@dea.gov

Mail Order Distribution Reports: Mail-Ordersales@dea.gov